

A woman with long brown hair and glasses is speaking. She is wearing a maroon top and a necklace. The background is a grey brick wall with a green plant on the right. A blue banner is at the bottom of the frame.

**Maria Bualat**

Payload Developer - Ames Research Center

1  
00:00:05,670 --> 00:00:03,669  
flight controllers here in the payload

2  
00:00:07,269 --> 00:00:05,680  
operations integration center are busy

3  
00:00:09,030 --> 00:00:07,279  
at work this morning they've been

4  
00:00:11,589 --> 00:00:09,040  
working with karen nyberg from the kibo

5  
00:00:13,669 --> 00:00:11,599  
module discussing melfi operations

6  
00:00:15,749 --> 00:00:13,679  
that's the station's minus 80 degree

7  
00:00:17,510 --> 00:00:15,759  
freezer that's used to store biological

8  
00:00:20,070 --> 00:00:17,520  
samples among other things in the

9  
00:00:22,630 --> 00:00:20,080  
meantime chris cassidy has been having a

10  
00:00:23,750 --> 00:00:22,640  
little fun all in the name of science

11  
00:00:25,589 --> 00:00:23,760  
he's been working with a new

12  
00:00:27,349 --> 00:00:25,599  
investigation called surface tele

13  
00:00:29,509 --> 00:00:27,359

robotics that's where he actually gets

14

00:00:31,509 --> 00:00:29,519

to control a robot on the ground from

15

00:00:34,630 --> 00:00:31,519

the space station i spoke with the

16

00:00:37,670 --> 00:00:34,640

payload developer about these operations

17

00:00:39,830 --> 00:00:37,680

what we're looking at is ways for

18

00:00:41,750 --> 00:00:39,840

humans to control robots

19

00:00:44,790 --> 00:00:41,760

in you know different situations

20

00:00:47,830 --> 00:00:44,800

primarily to to aid in exploration

21

00:00:50,150 --> 00:00:47,840

so the other projects within human

22

00:00:51,189 --> 00:00:50,160

exploration telerobotics are robonaut 2

23

00:00:52,229 --> 00:00:51,199

which i'm sure a lot of people have

24

00:00:54,869 --> 00:00:52,239

heard about

25

00:00:56,549 --> 00:00:54,879

and smartphone spheres which is we've

26

00:00:58,950 --> 00:00:56,559

taken a smartphone and put it on the

27

00:01:01,590 --> 00:00:58,960

side of the spheres facility which also

28

00:01:02,389 --> 00:01:01,600

very many people are familiar with

29

00:01:04,549 --> 00:01:02,399

to

30

00:01:06,070 --> 00:01:04,559

basically make it a robot a free-flying

31

00:01:08,230 --> 00:01:06,080

robot they give it a little more

32

00:01:10,070 --> 00:01:08,240

computational power and some additional

33

00:01:11,190 --> 00:01:10,080

sensors that aren't already on board the

34

00:01:14,390 --> 00:01:11,200

spheres

35

00:01:16,950 --> 00:01:14,400

surface tele robotics is a

36

00:01:20,070 --> 00:01:16,960

what we're trying to do is have crew

37

00:01:22,469 --> 00:01:20,080

onboard space station control a robot on

38

00:01:25,109 --> 00:01:22,479

the surface of earth and this is a

39

00:01:27,190 --> 00:01:25,119

simulation of different types of

40

00:01:30,390 --> 00:01:27,200

missions that you could run

41

00:01:32,069 --> 00:01:30,400

say in orbiting vehicle around mars

42

00:01:33,990 --> 00:01:32,079

controlling a robot on the surface of

43

00:01:37,510 --> 00:01:34,000

mars or a

44

00:01:39,030 --> 00:01:37,520

crew vehicle at the lunar earth lagrange

45

00:01:40,950 --> 00:01:39,040

point on the far side of the moon

46

00:01:42,950 --> 00:01:40,960

controlling a robot on the far side of

47

00:01:44,389 --> 00:01:42,960

the moon which we cannot communicate

48

00:01:46,389 --> 00:01:44,399

without orbital

49

00:01:47,910 --> 00:01:46,399

assets in place because we have no line

50

00:01:50,630 --> 00:01:47,920

of sight

51  
00:01:53,510 --> 00:01:50,640  
so what we're testing is you know what

52  
00:01:54,789 --> 00:01:53,520  
do we need technology wise in order to

53  
00:01:56,630 --> 00:01:54,799  
do this sort of mission because we've

54  
00:01:59,190 --> 00:01:56,640  
never done anything like it before and

55  
00:02:01,749 --> 00:01:59,200  
so we need to understand com issues

56  
00:02:03,350 --> 00:02:01,759  
usability issues

57  
00:02:05,109 --> 00:02:03,360  
situational awareness so we're looking

58  
00:02:06,709 --> 00:02:05,119  
at our user interfaces you know do they

59  
00:02:08,710 --> 00:02:06,719  
give the crew the information that they

60  
00:02:10,790 --> 00:02:08,720  
need in order to understand

61  
00:02:12,309 --> 00:02:10,800  
what the robot's doing what's what's its

62  
00:02:14,470 --> 00:02:12,319  
uh status

63  
00:02:15,830 --> 00:02:14,480

and then can they control it

64

00:02:16,790 --> 00:02:15,840

so what kind of hardware are we talking

65

00:02:18,229 --> 00:02:16,800

about are we talking about a little

66

00:02:20,869 --> 00:02:18,239

robot down here on earth yes we are

67

00:02:22,790 --> 00:02:20,879

we're talking about um a mer sized robot

68

00:02:24,710 --> 00:02:22,800

so those are the the last two rovers

69

00:02:27,030 --> 00:02:24,720

that were on mars the newer robot

70

00:02:29,430 --> 00:02:27,040

curiosity is quite a bit larger

71

00:02:33,190 --> 00:02:29,440

so it's about a meter by a meter by a

72

00:02:34,630 --> 00:02:33,200

meter a robot called k10 that we have at

73

00:02:37,190 --> 00:02:34,640

ames research center we've been using

74

00:02:39,190 --> 00:02:37,200

for about five or six years now

75

00:02:41,030 --> 00:02:39,200

so we're very experienced using it so we

76  
00:02:43,430 --> 00:02:41,040  
didn't we didn't want to have too many

77  
00:02:47,030 --> 00:02:43,440  
new variables in this experiment we're

78  
00:02:49,509 --> 00:02:47,040  
running off of our experiences doing

79  
00:02:52,150 --> 00:02:49,519  
analog missions where we've gone out to

80  
00:02:54,070 --> 00:02:52,160  
the arctic and you know california place

81  
00:02:56,309 --> 00:02:54,080  
deserts in california

82  
00:02:59,030 --> 00:02:56,319  
and arizona where we've tested the robot

83  
00:03:00,550 --> 00:02:59,040  
and done simulated uh science missions

84  
00:03:04,149 --> 00:03:00,560  
so we want to keep the sort of the

85  
00:03:06,149 --> 00:03:04,159  
robotic side of this test as you know uh

86  
00:03:07,830 --> 00:03:06,159  
as familiar as possible and really look

87  
00:03:09,670 --> 00:03:07,840  
more at sort of the human factor side

88  
00:03:11,589 --> 00:03:09,680

look at the crew

89

00:03:13,990 --> 00:03:11,599

interaction with the robot that's really

90

00:03:16,869 --> 00:03:14,000

where our science is in this case uh

91

00:03:19,110 --> 00:03:16,879

robots are fun i mean for everybody uh

92

00:03:21,270 --> 00:03:19,120

you know and astronauts have as much fun

93

00:03:22,710 --> 00:03:21,280

with it as anybody else so

94

00:03:24,470 --> 00:03:22,720

they're neat because you can sort of

95

00:03:26,149 --> 00:03:24,480

they move around they do things and you

96

00:03:27,910 --> 00:03:26,159

can kind of relate to them

97

00:03:29,910 --> 00:03:27,920

how exciting is it for you to see a

98

00:03:31,750 --> 00:03:29,920

project come to fruition like this it's

99

00:03:33,670 --> 00:03:31,760

great i you know i haven't had much

100

00:03:36,229 --> 00:03:33,680

experience on the on the human space

101  
00:03:37,750 --> 00:03:36,239  
flight side of nasa's house we've mostly

102  
00:03:40,149 --> 00:03:37,760  
worked you play with robots i play with

103  
00:03:41,830 --> 00:03:40,159  
robots exactly so um you know we've

104  
00:03:43,830 --> 00:03:41,840  
worked sort of with the mars program in

105  
00:03:46,630 --> 00:03:43,840  
the past we've looked at

106  
00:03:48,309 --> 00:03:46,640  
um we have looked at robots uh to aid

107  
00:03:50,149 --> 00:03:48,319  
human exploration but we haven't

108  
00:03:52,390 --> 00:03:50,159  
actually flown anything with team of

109  
00:03:54,149 --> 00:03:52,400  
space flight before so

110  
00:03:55,990 --> 00:03:54,159  
um so even though we're not our

111  
00:03:57,429 --> 00:03:56,000  
project's not flying any hardware we're

112  
00:03:59,509 --> 00:03:57,439  
only flying software because we only

113  
00:04:00,869 --> 00:03:59,519

need to send the gui up to the station

114

00:04:02,390 --> 00:04:00,879

for for the

115

00:04:04,070 --> 00:04:02,400

crew to control the hardware on the

116

00:04:05,509 --> 00:04:04,080

ground

117

00:04:06,710 --> 00:04:05,519

there's still a lot of things you have

118

00:04:09,990 --> 00:04:06,720

to do to make sure that everything's

119

00:04:12,390 --> 00:04:10,000

safe surprisingly even with software

120

00:04:14,070 --> 00:04:12,400

so for me it's a very new experience and

121

00:04:16,949 --> 00:04:14,080

it's really exciting because yeah i can

122

00:04:19,110 --> 00:04:16,959

say i've flown something now so

123

00:04:21,430 --> 00:04:19,120

i really like it it's fun

124

00:04:23,830 --> 00:04:21,440

and for more information on surface tele

125

00:04:25,189 --> 00:04:23,840

robotics and other investigations go to

